		Preparing for Long Division	Name:	
Determine the best answer for the following questions. Answers				
Ex)	6 times3	is as close to 19 as you can get, without going over.	6×3=18	Ex 3
1)	10 times	_ is as close to 93 as you can get, without going over.		1
2)	9 times	is as close to 49 as you can get, without going over.		2
3)	5 times	is as close to 12 as you can get, without going over.		3
4)	8 times	is as close to 35 as you can get, without going over.		4
5)	9 times	is as close to 98 as you can get, without going over.		5
6)	3 times	is as close to 7 as you can get, without going over.		6
7)	4 times	is as close to 37 as you can get, without going over.		7
8)	10 times	_ is as close to 38 as you can get, without going over.		8
9)	10 times	_ is as close to 79 as you can get, without going over.		9
10)	2 times	is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over.		10
11)	3 times	is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over.		11
12)	8 times	is as close to 70 as you can get, without going over.		12
13)	2 times	is as close to 5 as you can get, without going over.		13
14)	6 times	_ is as close to 65 as you can get, without going over.		14
15)	5 times	is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over.		15
16)	7 times	is as close to 68 as you can get, without going over.		16
17)	3 times	is as close to 8 as you can get, without going over.		17
18)	5 times	is as close to 48 as you can get, without going over.		18
19)	2 times	is as close to 19 as you can get, without going over.		19
20)	8 times	is as close to 30 as you can get, without going over.		20

Determine the best answer for the following questions.

- Ex) 6 times 3 is as close to 19 as you can get, without going over. $6\times3=18$
 - 1) 10 times $\underline{}$ is as close to 93 as you can get, without going over. $10\times9=90$
- 2) 9 times $\underline{}$ is as close to 49 as you can get, without going over. $9\times5=45$
- 3) 5 times 2 is as close to 12 as you can get, without going over. $5\times 2=10$
- 4) 8 times $\frac{4}{}$ is as close to 35 as you can get, without going over. $8\times4=32$
- 5) 9 times 10 is as close to 98 as you can get, without going over. $9\times10=90$
- 6) 3 times 2 is as close to 7 as you can get, without going over. $3\times2=6$
- 7) 4 times 9 is as close to 37 as you can get, without going over. $4 \times 9 = 36$
- 8) 10 times 3 is as close to 38 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 3 = 30$
- 9) 10 times $\frac{7}{}$ is as close to 79 as you can get, without going over. $\frac{10 \times 7 = 70}{}$
- 10) 2 times 8 is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over. $2\times8=16$
- 11) 3 times $\frac{4}{}$ is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over. $3\times4=12$
- 12) 8 times 8 is as close to 70 as you can get, without going over. $8\times8=64$
- 13) 2 times $\underline{}$ is as close to 5 as you can get, without going over. $2\times2=4$
- 14) 6 times 10 is as close to 65 as you can get, without going over. $6\times10=60$
- 15) 5 times 3 is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over. $5\times3=15$
- 16) 7 times 9 is as close to 68 as you can get, without going over. $7\times9=63$
- 17) 3 times 2 is as close to 8 as you can get, without going over. $3\times2=6$
- 18) 5 times 9 is as close to 48 as you can get, without going over. $5\times9=45$
- 19) 2 times 9 is as close to 19 as you can get, without going over. $2\times9=18$
- 20) 8 times 3 is as close to 30 as you can get, without going over. $8\times 3=24$

Answers

- Ex. **3**
- . 9
- ___5
- _{3.} 2
- _{4.} **4**
- 5. **10**
- 6. **2**
- 7. **9**
- 8. 3
- 0. 8
- 1. **4**
- 2. _____8
- 3. ____
- 14. **10**
- 15. _______
- 16. **9**
- 18. _____9
- 19. **9**
- 20. 3